1	S.49
2	Introduced by Senators Bray, Balint, Campion, and MacDonald
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Conservation and development; environmental health; water supply;
6	water quality; polyfluoroalkyl substances
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to adopt a
8	maximum contaminant level for polyfluoroalkyl substances under the Agency
9	of Natural Resources's Water Supply Rule. The bill would require the
10	Secretary of Natural Resources to amend the Vermont Quality Standards to
11	include criteria or effluent limitations for polyfluoroalkyl substances. The bill
12	would also require landfills to treat leachate for polyfluoroalkyl substances
13	prior to delivery to a wastewater treatment facility or other facility where the
14	leachate would be discharged to the waters of the State.
15 16	An act relating to the regulation of polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking and surface waters

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
3	The General Assembly finds that:
4	(1) Perfluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and other
5	perfluorochemicals are a large group of human-made chemicals that have been
6	used in industry and consumer products worldwide since the 1950s.
7	(2) PFAS may enter the environment when emitted during a
8	manufacturing process, from the disposal of goods containing PFAS, or from
9	leachate from landfills.
10	(3) Many PFAS do not break down and persist in the environment for a
11	very long time, especially in water, and, consequently, PFAS can be found in
12	many bodies of water and in the blood of humans and wildlife.
13	(4) More research is needed to determine the health effects to humans
14	from exposure to low levels of environmental exposure to PFAS, but some
15	studies in people have shown that certain PFAS may affect infant weight,
16	affect human growth, affect the learning and behavior of babies and older
17	children, lower a woman's chance of getting pregnant, interfere with the
18	body's natural hormones, increase cholesterol levels, affect the immune
19	system, and increase the risk of cancer.
20	(5) The Vermont Department of Health has adopted a health advisory
21	level for certain PFAS of 20 parts per trillion.

1	(6) The Vermont Water Supply Rule provides that the Secretary of
2	Natural Resources may adopt a Vermont Department of Health advisory level
3	as a maximum contaminant level for a substance.
4	(7) The Agency of Natural Resources (ANR) has adopted the 20 parts
5	per trillion level as part of ANR's Remediation of Contaminated Properties
6	Rule and Groundwater Protection Rule and Strategy, but not as part of the
7	Vermont Water Supply Rule or the Vermont Water Quality Standards.
8	(8) To adopt a precautionary approach to the regulation of PFAS, to
9	prevent further contamination of State water, and to reduce the potential
10	harmful effects of PFAS on human health and the environment, the State of
11	Vermont should adopt:
12	(A) a maximum contaminant level for PFAS under the Vermont
13	Water Supply Rule;
14	(B) water quality criteria or effluent limitations for PFAS under the
15	Vermont Water Quality Standards that protect human health and aquatic biota;
16	<u>and</u>
17	(C) standards for the treatment of landfill leachate prior to treatment
18	in a wastewater treatment facility or other facility where the leachate would be
19	discharged to State waters.

1	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF	F ENVIRONMENTAL	CONSERVA	ΓΙΟΝ				
2	WATER SUPPLY RULE; MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL							
3	(MCL) FOR POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES							
4	Subchapter 21-6, Section 6.12, Table 6-1 of the Department of							
5	Environmental Conservation Water Supply Rule is amended to read:							
6	CONTAMINANT STANDARD MCL MCLG or Initial							
7		or MRDL as noted	MRDLG	Source				
8		(mg/l unless	(as noted)	Testing				
9		otherwise noted)*		Required				
10	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *				
11	9. Polyfluoroalkyl		<u>MCLG</u>					
11 12	9. Polyfluoroalkyl substances		<u>MCLG</u>					
		20 parts per trillion—		<u>Yes</u>				
12	substances	20 parts per trillion—sum of all five PFAS	<del></del>	<u>Yes</u>				
12 13	substances  Perfluorooctanoic		 = <u></u> <u>\$</u>	Yes Yes				
12 13 14	substances  Perfluorooctanoic  acid	sum of all five PFAS	= <del></del> <u>5</u> = <del></del>					
12 13 14 15	substances  Perfluorooctanoic  acid  Perfluorooctanesulfonic	sum of all five PFAS  20 parts per trillion—	= 5 5					
12 13 14 15 16	substances  Perfluorooctanoic  acid  Perfluorooctanesulfonic  acid	sum of all five PFAS  20 parts per trillion— sum of all five PFAS	= 5  5					
12 13 14 15 16 17	substances  Perfluorooctanoic  acid  Perfluorooctanesulfonic  acid  Perfluorohexane sulfonic	sum of all five PFAS  20 parts per trillion—  sum of all five PFAS  20 parts per trillion—	= === <u>1</u> = === <u>1</u> = ===	Yes				

1	<u>Perfluorononanoic</u>	20 parts per trillion— Yes									
2	<u>acid</u>	sum of all five PFAS									
3	Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT	OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION									
4	WATER SUPPL	Y RULE; MONITORING FOR									
5	POLYFLUORO	ALKYL SUBSTANCES									
6	Section 6.10a of Subc	Section 6.10a of Subchapter 21-6 of the Department of Environmental									
7	Conservation Water Sup	oly Rule is added to read:									
8	§ 6.10a. Polyfluoroalkyl	Substances (PFAS) Monitoring Requirements									
9	All public water syste	ms shall conduct PFAS monitoring annually.									
10	Sec. 4. VERMONT WA	ATER QUALITY STANDARDS; WATER									
11	QUALITY CRI	ΓΕRIA; POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES									
12	On or before July 1, 2	020, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall amend									
13	the Vermont Water Qual	ity Standards to include water quality criteria or									
14	effluent limitations for th	e discharge of polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) to									
15	the surface waters of the	State. The amendment to the Vermont Water Quality	<u>y</u>								
16	Standards shall, at a min	mum, include criteria or effluent limitations for the									
17	following PFAS individu	ally and in combination: perfluorooctanoic acid,									
18	perfluorooctanesulfonic	acid, perfluorohexane sulfonic acid,									
19	perfluoroheptanoic acid,	and perfluorononanoic acid. The amendment to the									
20	rule may address addition	nal PFAS.									

Sec	5	10	VC	Δ	8	66050	<b>(</b> b)	ic	amended	to	read
sec.	J.	10	V.D.	.A.	8	0003	$(\mathbf{u})$	118	amended	ю	reau.

(d)(1) New landfills placed in operation after July 1987 shall be lined and shall collect and treat leachate. Except as provided in section 6614 of this title, or if, pursuant to information obtained through the pilot projects completed under subsection 6604(b) of this title or from other sources, the Secretary identifies particular waste components that will not be the source of leachate harmful to health or the environment, the Secretary may waive the requirements for liners in landfills or portions of landfills designated solely to receive these wastes. Solid waste shall be included among these waste components that will not be the source of harmful leachate, in situations where all of the following apply:

(1)(A) material to be landfilled has been subjected to a hazardous waste collection, diversion, and inspection program that removes at least 90 percent of the hazardous and toxic waste, including that classified as hazardous household waste and including that generated by small quantity generators;

(2)(B) material to be landfilled has had at least 90 percent of the compostable material and marketable recyclables removed by source separation or by a combination of source separation and mechanical separation;

(3)(C) the municipality in which the landfill or any portion of the landfill exists has permission of the facility operator to monitor landfill

1	operations during operating hours, by means of a person appointed or hired by
2	town officials or elected by the voters of the municipality.
3	(2) On an after January 1, 2020, a landfill shall treat collected leachate
4	for polyfluoroalkyl substances on-site or at an Agency-approved, off-site
5	facility prior to delivery to a wastewater treatment facility or other facility
6	from which the leachate would be discharged to waters of the State. As used
7	in this subdivision, "wastewater treatment facility" has the same meaning as in
8	section 1295 of this title.
9	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES
10	(a) This section and Secs. 1 (findings), 2 (MCL for polyfluoroalkyl
11	substances), and 3 (monitoring of MCL for polyfluoroalkyl substances) shall
12	take effect on passage.
13	(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2019.